



Multiplatform Open Source Game Development with

MonoGame

Dominique Louis, Kenneth Pouncey, Dean Ellis

Dominique Louis (iOS)

- Doing Open Source for many years
- Maintained JEDI-SDL bindings(Delphi)
- DirectX bindings for Delphi
- Works on a couple of commercial games
 - Siege of Avalon (Now OpenSource - port to C#??)
 - Hero X
- Ran DelphiGamer.com with Dean way back when (last century)
- Played with XNA as back in 2007
- Currently working in digital signage (C#, Flex(yuk), Delphi)
- Hoping to complete my first marathon (London) in April :)
- **On shoulders of giants**



Kenneth Pouncey (MonoMac)

- Luxembourg based developer of the Open Source MonoGame project.
- My daytime job is as a systems analyst for financial institutions in various capacities from IBM Main Frame and IBM AS400 systems to PC applications written for Server and Desktop applications.
- Have worked on and contributed to multiple OpenSource projects ranging from Apache to KDE as well as having an OpenSource 5250 emulator project for IBM's AS400 called TN5250j written in Java.
- Became interested with MonoGame while contributing to MonoMac. Answering questions and implementing certain features in MonoMac for Dominique persuaded me to take a look at what sounded like an interesting project, at that time titled XNATouch. From there I picked up the Mac OSX port of MonoGame.



Dean Ellis (Android)

- Worked on OpenSource projects
 - JEDI-SDL
 - Delphi DirectX
 - Moonlight
- Works on Face Recognition Kiosk Devices during the day
 - Uses Moonlight in Desktop mode.
- Works primarily on the Android Port of MonoGame.



What is MonoGame?

- Open Source implementation of XNA 4.0 API
 - OpenGL, OpenTK, OpenAL
- Massively Multi-Platform Game Development
- Write Once, Play Everywhere.



What Platforms?



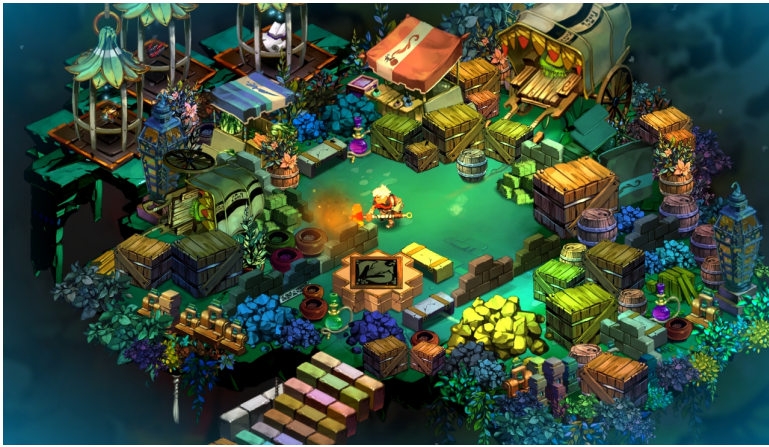
What is this XNA thing



- Microsoft Game API
 - Supports Windows/XBox360/Zune/Windows Phone 7
 - DirectX9
 - C#
- Free Development Tools
- Supports
 - 2D/3D
 - Networking
 - Sound
 - and much more.....



XNA is Serious Business



Bastion, 500k+ sold



Magicka, 1.1m+ sold



1m+ sold



History of MonoGame

- XNATouch on codeplex.com (José Antonio Leal de Farias (JalFx))
 - XNA, MonoXNA, SilverSprite
- Wanted to get into the App gravy train
- v1.0 was iOS only, by 1.5 (Mac and Android)
- Just after v1.5, Geoff Norton (Novell) @geoffnorton helped us migrate to github
- v2.0 release and backing from Team Xamarin helped it get massive visibility.



Cool...What can MonoGame do?

- 2D Graphics
- Custom Effects (GLSL)
- XNA Content Files
- Networking (lidGren)
 - Local Only
- Sound/Music(via OpenAL - not Android)
- XACT (proprietary audio by Microsoft)



Cool...What can MonoGame do?

- Video Playback
 - as per platform
- Native asset loading
 - png/jpeg/gif/tiff/pdf
 - wav/mpeg
- Input
 - Gamepad on Window/Linux/MacOS
 - Gestures on iOS/Android



Harder than it should be

- Have to support many undocumented file formats for binary compatibility
 - Content serialisation+compression
 - DirectX Effect objects
 - XACT project files
 - xWMA+xMA audio codecs



What are we missing?

- Custom Content Pipeline
 - Cannot generate content files
- 3D Support (very soon)
- HLSL Effects (very soon)
- Networking (?)
 - Limited to Local Networks
 - Cannot link with XNA based games
- Many bits and pieces



How you can help?

- MonoDevelop
 - MacOS
 - Linux
 - Android (MacOS, Windows)
 - iOS (Mac OS X and a **Mac**)
- Visual Studio 2010
 - Android
 - Windows Phone 7
- Download MonoGame from github.com
 - <https://github.com/mono/MonoGame/zipball/2.1.0.0>
- Download Samples from github.com
 - <https://github.com/CartBlanche/MonoGame-Samples/downloads>



How we work?

- 8 core maintainers
- All pull requests are peer reviewed
- If you submit enough patches...
- Automated Tests
 - Run against XNA and MonoGame to ensure conformance
 - Run unattended
- On Demand Integration Build and Testing system (via IRC).
 - Queries the GitHub API
 - Runs on Linux, Mac and Windows
 - iOS and Android are in development



Lots of Sample Code

- Samples Repository contains lots of examples
 - XNA AppHub Samples
 - Windows Phone 7
 - MonoGame Team
- Examples available for each Platform
 - 38 samples for MacOSX
 - 25 samples for iOS
 - 14 samples for Linux
 - 11 samples for Android
- New Samples are added all the time
- Starter Packs from AppHub



Demos

- Vector Rumble
- Catapult (mobile)
- VideoPlayer
- Role Playing Game



Adding Ads to you Apps - Android

- Original Code by Greg Shackles - <http://www.gregshackles.com/2011/02/using-admob-in-a-monodroid-application/>
- Adding Ads to apps can be tricky
- The Basic idea is
 - Add the Admob sdk to your project
 - Add the AdmobHelper.java
 - Add the AdMobHelper.cs
 - Set the TargetFramework to 4.0
 - Add the required xml to the AndroidManifest.xml
 - Replace the normal MonoGame startup code with one that uses a FrameLayout.
- Source will be available on GitHub in the Samples Repo



AndroidManifest.xml Changes

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:versionCode="1"
    android:versionName="1.0"
    package="MyGame.Android">
    <application android:label="MyGame" android:icon="@drawable/icon">
        <activity
            android:name="com.google.ads.AdActivity"
            android:configChanges="keyboard|keyboardHidden|orientation|screenLayout|uiMode|screenSize|smallestScreenSize"/>
    </application>
    <uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="8" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE"/>
</manifest>
```



Activity Code Changes

```
View adView;
protected override void onCreate(Bundle bundle)
{
    MyGame.Activity = this;
    var g = new MyGame();
    FrameLayout fl = new FrameLayout(this);
    fl.AddView(g.Window);
    adView = AdMobHelper.CreateAdView(this, "publisherid");
    // AdMobHelper.AddTestDevice(adView,"deviceid");
    fl.AddView(adView);
    SetContentView(fl);
    g.Run();
}
```


Things to watch out for

- Cannot Debug Application
 - You need to have a device running 4.0> to debug the app.
 - You can run release build packages on older devices
- Sometimes ads do not appear
 - This usually because there are no ads available.
 - Only occurs on new accounts
- Cannot position ads
 - Currently android.view.GRAVITY is not available
 - look up the values on android developer documents



Adding Ads to your Apps - iOS

https://iad.apple.com/itcportal/#app_homepage

```
using MonoTouch.iAd;

if (UIDevice.CurrentDevice.UserInterfaceIdiom ==
    UIUserInterfaceIdiom.Phone)
{
    bannerHeight = 50;
}
else if (UIDevice.CurrentDevice.UserInterfaceIdiom ==
    UIUserInterfaceIdiom.Pad)
{
    bannerHeight = 66;
}
```



Adding Ads to your Apps - iOS

```
var adView = new ADBannerView();
NSMutableSet nsM = new NSMutableSet()
// Multi-orientation
// nsM.Add(ADBannerView.SizeIdentifierLandscape);
nsM.Add(ADBannerView.SizeIdentifierPortrait);
adView.RequiredContentSizeIdentifiers = nsM;

adView.AdLoaded += delegate(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    adView.Hidden = false;
    adView.Frame = new CGRect(
        0, (int)UIScreen.MainScreen.Bounds.Height - bannerHeight,
        dvcMain.View.Frame.Width, adView.Frame.Height);
};

adView.FailedToReceiveAd += delegate(object sender, AdErrorEventArgs e)
{
    Console.WriteLine(e.Error);
    adView.Hidden = true;
};

iOSGameWindow.View.AddSubview(adView);
```

Network Games in MonoGame

- Goals
 - Implement as close as possible the networking functionality of XNA
 - Make it as painless as possible for developers to port already working networked projects to MonoGame



Getting Started With Networked Games

- Initialize the gamer services subsystem
- Most games will use the **GamerServicesComponent**
- Update at regular intervals.
- To start using the Gamer Services all one must do is to add one line to the Game constructor:

```
// Initialize GamerServiceComponent by adding it to our  
// game's components  
Components.Add(new GamerServicesComponent(this));
```



Network Session Management

- NetworkSession.Update
 - Sends network packets.
 - Changes session state such as which players are in the session.
 - Raises managed events for any significant state changes.
 - Returns incoming packet data.
- This allows developers to program against the network session object without any threading concerns.
- Session updates are kept separate from the gamer services system pumping

```
// Pump the underlying session object.  
NetworkSession.Update();
```



Matchmaking

- Publish an instance of the game for others to discover and join the game. Available through [NetworkSession.Create](#) and [NetworkSession.BeginCreate](#)
- Discovering an instance of a game to join. Available through the [NetworkSession.Find](#) and [NetworkSession.BeginFind](#) methods, which return a collection of [AvailableNetworkSession](#) instances.
- [AvailableNetworkSession](#) exposed properties.

```
public static AvailableNetworkSessionCollection Find(  
    NetworkSessionType sessionType,  
    int maxLocalGamers,  
    NetworkSessionProperties searchProperties);
```

```
AvailableNetworkSessionCollection availableSessions;  
int maximumLocalPlayers = 1;  
availableSessions = NetworkSession.Find(  
    NetworkSessionType.SystemLink,  
    maximumLocalPlayers,  
    searchProperties);
```



Players

- Exposed from the [NetworkSession](#) object, along with [events](#) indicating when players join or leave the session.
- Determine which player is host ([NetworkSession.Host](#)) and which players are local ([NetworkGamer.IsLocal](#)).

```
// Listen for invite notification events.
```

```
NetworkSession.InviteAccepted += (sender, e) =>
```

```
    NetworkSessionComponent.InviteAccepted(screenManager, e);
```

```
if (NetworkSession.IsHost) {
```

```
    // Program logic here only if we are the hosting session
```

```
}
```



Players Joining and Leaving

- A [NetworkSession](#) contains several properties which list the players who have joined a session.
 - [NetworkSession.AllGamers](#)
 - [NetworkSession.LocalGamers](#)
 - [NetworkSession.RemoteGamers](#)
- To respond to players joining or leaving the game
 - [NetworkSession.GamerJoined](#)
 - [NetworkSession.GamerLeft](#)



```
// set the networking events
networkSession.GamerJoined += gamerJoinedHandler;
networkSession.GameStarted += gameStartedHandler;
networkSession.SessionEnded += sessionEndedHandler;
```



Create a Network Session

- There are multiple types of sessions that can be created
 - Local sessions
 - Local network sessions
 - Live sessions, over the internet, are still not implemented in MonoGame.
- Creating session is called the host, and owns the multiplayer session
 - Host does not imply a game server or authority.
 - No implied network topology
 - Network topology determined by your game implementation

```
NetworkSession session;  
int maximumGamers = 8; // The maximum supported is 31  
int privateGamerSlots = 2;  
int maximumLocalPlayers = 1;  
  
// Create the session  
session = NetworkSession.Create(  
    NetworkSessionType.SystemLink,  
    maximumLocalPlayers, maximumGamers,  
    privateGamerSlots, sessionProperties);
```



To Subscribe to Session Events

- Subscribe to any session events that your game is interested in
- Multiplayer session events
 - [GameStarted](#) and [GameEnded](#)
 - [GamerJoined](#) and [GamerLeft](#)
 - [SessionEnded](#)



```
session.GamerJoined += new EventHandler<GamerJoinedEventArgs>(session_GamerJoined);  
session.GamerLeft += new EventHandler<GamerLeftEventArgs>(session_GamerLeft);
```

Programmer defined
function



Send data to all peers

- Create a [PacketWriter](#) to use in writing the data.
- Loop through the [LocalGamers](#) collection and send data to all peers.
- Call the various overloads of the [PacketWriter.Write](#) method to store data into the writer
- Pass the [PacketWriter](#) to [SendData](#)
- Sending the packet will automatically clear the [PacketWriter](#)

Note: [SendDataOptions](#) passed to [SendData](#)

- Choose the value for options that are appropriate for the type of data being sent.
- Not all game data needs to be sent reliably,
- Sending excessive data using [SendDataOptions.ReliableInOrder](#) can cause client to lag



Send data to all peers

```
// Our game defined Message Types to be sent
```

```
enum MessageType : byte
```

```
{
```

```
    NewGame = 1,      // New game was started
```

```
    CatapultFiring = 2, // One of our Catapults is Firing
```

```
    CatapultAiming = 3, // One of our Catapults is taking Aim
```

```
    UpdateEnvironment = 4, // Update our environment. Clouds, Wind speed...
```

```
}
```

```
if (NetworkSession.IsHost) {
```

```
    packetWriter.Write((int)MessageType.UpdateEnvironment);
```

```
    packetWriter.Write(wind);
```

```
    packetWriter.Write(cloud1Position);
```

```
    packetWriter.Write(cloud2Position);
```

```
// Update our environment variables, and send their
```

```
// latest position data to everyone in the session.
```

```
foreach (LocalNetworkGamer gamer in NetworkSession.LocalGamers) {
```

```
    gamer.SendData(packetWriter, SendDataOptions.ReliableInOrder);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```



How to receive data

- Create a [PacketReader](#) to assist in reading the incoming network data
- To read a packet, pass the [PacketReader](#) to [ReceiveData](#)
- Use the various [PacketReader.Read](#) methods to extract data from the reader.



How to receive data

```
void ReadIncomingPackets(LocalNetworkGamer gamer)
{
    // Keep reading as long as incoming packets are available.
    while (gamer.IsDataAvailable) {
        // Read a single packet from the network.
        NetworkGamer sender;
        gamer.ReceiveData(packetReader, out sender);

        // Discard packets sent by local gamers:
        // we already know their state!
        if (sender.IsLocal)
            continue;

        MessageType msgType = (MessageType)packetReader.ReadInt32();
        switch (msgType) {
        case MessageType.NewGame:
            // ReceiveNewNetworkedGame();
            break;
            case MessageType.CatapultAiming:
                if (isFirstPlayerTurn && !NetworkSession.IsHost) {
                    playerOne.Catapult.CurrentState = CatapultState.Aiming;
                    playerOne.isDragging = true;

                    catapultInfoVector = packetReader.ReadVector3();

                    playerOne.Catapult.ShotStrength = catapultInfoVector.X;
                    playerOne.Catapult.ShotVelocity = catapultInfoVector.Y;
                    playerOne.ArrowScale = catapultInfoVector.Z;
                }

                if (!isFirstPlayerTurn && NetworkSession.IsHost) {
                    playerTwo.Catapult.CurrentState = CatapultState.Aiming;
                    playerTwo.isDragging = true;

                    catapultInfoVector = packetReader.ReadVector3();

                    playerTwo.Catapult.ShotStrength = catapultInfoVector.X;
                    playerTwo.Catapult.ShotVelocity = catapultInfoVector.Y;
                    playerTwo.ArrowScale = catapultInfoVector.Z;
                }
            break;
        }
```

```
case MessageType.CatapultFiring:

    if (isFirstPlayerTurn && !NetworkSession.IsHost) {
        catapultInfoVector = packetReader.ReadVector3();
        playerOne.Catapult.Fire (catapultInfoVector.Y);
        playerOne.Catapult.CurrentState = CatapultState.Firing;
        playerOne.ResetDragState();
    }
    if (!isFirstPlayerTurn && NetworkSession.IsHost) {
        catapultInfoVector = packetReader.ReadVector3();
        playerTwo.Catapult.Fire (catapultInfoVector.Y);
        playerTwo.Catapult.CurrentState = CatapultState.Firing;
        playerTwo.ResetDragState();
    }
    break;
case MessageType.UpdateEnvironment:
    wind = packetReader.ReadVector2();
    cloud1Position = packetReader.ReadVector2();
    cloud2Position = packetReader.ReadVector2();
    // Set new wind value to the players and
    playerOne.Catapult.Wind =
        playerTwo.Catapult.Wind =
            wind.X > 0 ? wind.Y : -wind.Y;
    break;
}
```



To End the Session

- [NetworkSession.EndGame.](#)
- The host checks if there are players remaining in the game before ending the session.

```
/// <summary>
/// Handles "Exit" menu item selection
/// </summary>
protected override void OnCancel(PlayerIndex playerIndex)
{
    // Tear down our network session
    var session = ScreenManager.Game.Services.GetService(typeof(NetworkSession)) as NetworkSession;
    if (session != null) {
        if (session.AllGamers.Count == 1) {
            session.EndGame();
        }
        session.Dispose();
        ScreenManager.Game.Services.RemoveService(typeof(NetworkSession));
    }
    AudioManager.StopSounds();
    ScreenManager.AddScreen(new MainMenuScreen(), null);
    ExitScreen();
}
```



Example Game

CatapultWars

CatapultNetWars



On the App Store

Many titles already using MonoGame:

iOS

28 titles!

Android

5 titles.

Mac OS, Linux

Wizorb

Unofficially, Terraria

Chrome

Bastion



The Future

- MonoGame v2.5 very soon
 - Tonnes of bug fixes
 - Fully ES 2.0 (GLSL shaders!)
- MonoGame v3.0 soon, too
 - 3D API (Thanks to Inflight Dev Studio)
 - HLSL Shaders



MonoGame's Future

API

Extended networking support

DirectX 11 backend for Metro

CellSDK(<http://www.cellsdk.com/>)

Networking (alternative to Xbox Live)

Built-in advertising support.

Platforms

PlayStation Suite (started, but SDK is influx)

Google 'Native Client' (Bastion)

Raspberry Pi



Contact

Dominique Louis

Twitter : @SoftSavage

Email : savagesoftware@gmail.com

Kenneth Pouncey

Twitter : @cocoamono

Email : kjpou1609@gmail.com

Dean Ellis

Twitter : @infspacestudios

Email : dellis1972@googlemail.com

IRC

#monogame, irc.gnome.org



Questions ??

monogame.codeplex.com/discussions

github.com/mono/MonoGame



Toward Stabler Development

Automated Tests

- Written with NUnit 2.5
- Run against XNA and MonoGame to ensure conformance
- Run unattended
- Ordinary unit tests to verify the functionality of properties and methods
- Visual tests
 - Verify rendering on all platforms to within a certain tolerance
 - Frames-of-interest are captured and compared to reference frames
 - Currently uses pixel-value diffs
 - Extensible with new frame comparers
 - Can aggregate the results of multiple frame comparers for a final result
 - More sophisticated comparisons are coming (e.g., edge-detection)

MonoGame.Tests.MacOS Results

Assemblies tested: 1
Tests executed: 67
Passes: 49
Fails: 18
Ignored: 1

MonoGame.Tests.MacOS

BasicVisualTest (1/3)

DrawOrder_falls_back_to_order_of_addition_to_Game

4 of 4 frames failed the similarity test.

at
at

Labelled_frame

at
at

4 of 5 frames failed the similarity test.

at MonoGame.Tests.Visual.VisualTestFi

at MonoGame.Tests.Visual.BasicVisualT

Label

4 of

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

at
at

GameTest+Properties+GraphicsDevice_ (4/4)

Is_invalid_without_IGraphicsDeviceService

Is_not_available_in_graphical_g...ore_Run

Is_read_only

Is_valid_with_IGraphicsDevi

GameTest+Properties+IsMouseVisible (2/2)

GameTest+Properties+LaunchParameters_ (2/2)

GameTest+Properties+Services (2/2)

GameTest+Properties+Window (3/3)



Low-Friction Testing

MonoGame Build Bot

- Queries the GitHub API
- Submits to the MonoGame Build Coordinator
- IRC
 - Hubot from the GitHub Team
 - For example

```
mgbot test develop  
mgbot test @kjpou1 a840f0e...  
mgbot test @mono pull 275
```



Distributed Builds and Tests

Build Coordinator

- Accepts new build requests (JSON)
- Distributes build requests to Build Nodes
- Collects and displays results from Build Nodes

Build Node

- Per-platform
 - Runs on Linux, Mac and Windows
 - iOS and Android are in development
- Polls the Build Coordinator for new builds
- Claims a build
- Fetches the source, applies patches
- Builds MonoGame
- Builds and runs the test assembly
- Submits results to the Build Coordinator

Build 43

source: mono/MonoGame:a840f0e
created: 2012-02-02 17:10:35 (UTC)
completed: 2012-02-02 17:11:06 (UTC)

Linux

status: failed
artifacts: ● [build_error.log](#)

MacOS

status: complete
artifacts: ● [build.log](#)
● [build.zip](#)
● [build_tests.log](#)
● [test.zip](#)
● [test_results.xml](#)
● [test_results.html](#)

Windows

status: complete
artifacts: ● [build.log](#)
● [build.zip](#)
● [build_tests.log](#)
● [test.zip](#)
● [test_results.xml](#)
● [test_results.html](#)

